

# Leukaemia Section

## Short Communication

### **i(X)(q10) in male patient**

**Tatiana Gindina**

R.M. Gorbacheva Research Institute of Pediatric Oncology Hematology and Transplantation at First Saint-Petersburg State Medical University named I.P.Pavlov, Saint-Petersburg, Russia / [tatgindina@gmail.com](mailto:tatgindina@gmail.com)

Published in Atlas Database: February 2017

Online updated version : <http://AtlasGeneticsOncology.org/Anomalies/iXq10MaleID1492.html>

Printable original version : <http://documents.irevues.inist.fr/bitstream/handle/2042/68753/02-2017-iXq10MaleID1492.pdf>

DOI: 10.4267/2042/68753

This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-Noncommercial-No Derivative Works 2.0 France Licence.

© 2018 *Atlas of Genetics and Cytogenetics in Oncology and Haematology*

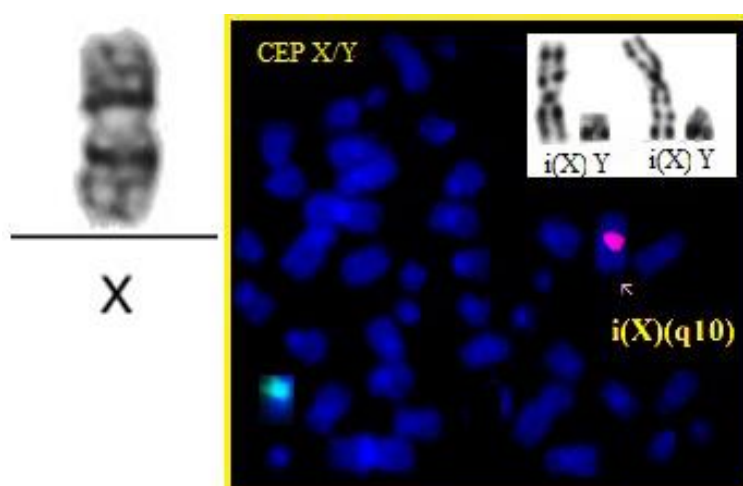
## Abstract

Review on i(X)(q10) in male patients.

### KEYWORDS

Chromosome X; Acute lymphoblastic leukemia; Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma; Follicular Lymphoma.

## Identity



**i(X)(q10)** → Partial karyotypes (G-banding) with i(X)(q10). Hybridization with CEP X Spectrum Orange probe specific for the alpha satellite (centromeric) chromosome X region, (Abbott Molecular, US) showing the signal on normal X and on i(X)(q10) chromosomes- Courtesy Adriana Zamecnikova.

## Clinics and pathology

### Disease

Extremely rare i(X)(q10) occurs in male patients, only five cases have been reported in lymphoid malignancies, including acute lymphoblastic

leukemia (ALL) (Bacher et al, 2009), diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (Itayama et al, 2002, Gindina T.,

table 1, case #3) and follicular lymphoma (Dave et al, 1999; Donti et al., 1988).

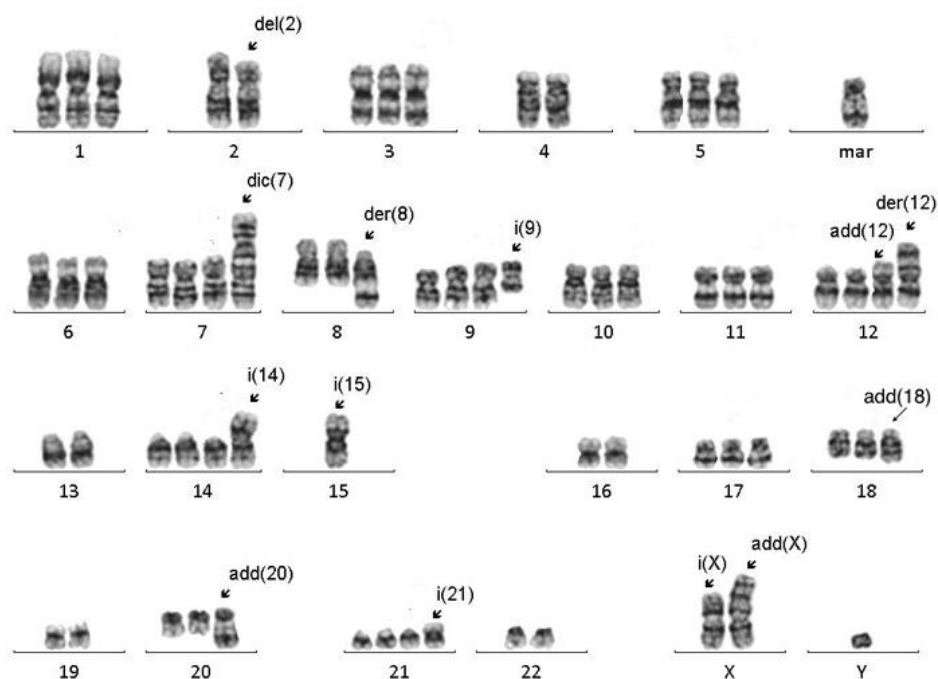
## Epidemiology

**Table 1.** Reported cases with i(X)(q10).

Pts	Age, gender	Disease	Karyotype	Author
1	51, M	B-cell precursor ALL (relapse after CT)	46,Y,i(X)(q10),der(1)dup(1)(q32q21)t(1;17)(q42;q23),ins(7;8)(p21;p21;23),der(17)t(1;17)(q42;q23)[6]/46,XY[17]	Bacher et al, 2009
2	?, M	DLBCL	47-48,i(X)(q10),-Y,inv(1)(p32q21),del(2)(q13),hsr(3)(q27),add(4)(q35),del(4)(q31),-6,+7,der(11)t(5;11)(q13;q23),+13,t(14;18)(q32;q21),-15,-16,-17,+mar	Itayama et al, 2002
3	60, M	DLBCL	67<3n>,Y,add(X)(p22),i(X)(q10),-2,del(2)(p21),-4,+7,+7,dic(7;7)(p22;p22),der(8)del(8)(p12)t(8;11)(q24;q13),+9,i(9)(p10),+12,der(12)t(3;12)(q13;p13),add(12)(p13),-13,+14,i(14)(q10),-15,-15,i(15)(q10),-16,add(17)(p11),add(18)(q23),-19,add(20)(q13),+21,i(21)(q10),-22,+mar [20] (Fig 1 and 2.)	Gindina T, own case
4	75, M	FL	47,XY,+i(X)(q10),t(1;11)(p36;q21),del(4)(q32),del(9)(q21),t(14;18)(q32;q21)[8]/46,XY[2]	Dave et al, 1999
5	?, M	FL	48,XY,+i(X)(q10),+i(X)(p10),add(1)(q?),+12,add(14)(q?)/48,Y,i(X)(q10),+i(X)(p10),add(1),t(2;8)(p12;q24),+12,add(14)	Donti et al, 1988

ALL: acute lymphoblastic leukemia; DLBCL: diffuse large B-cell lymphoma; FL: follicular lymphoma

## Cytogenetics



Complex karyotype with extra i(X)(q10) in a patient with DLBCL (table 1, #3).

### ***Additional anomalies***

Additional chromosome anomalies were observed in all five patients. Extra i(X)(q10) was present in 3 patients (Donti et al., 1988; Dave et al, 1999; Gindina et al, case #3). Associated in combination with other isochromosomes in 2 patients (Donti et al, 1988; Gindina, case #3). In all cases, i(X)(q10) is part of a complex karyotype. t(14;18)(q32;q21) was found in 2 cases: 1 FL case and 1 DLBCL (Dave et al, 1999; Itoyama et al, 2002).

## **Result of the chromosomal anomaly**

### ***Fusion protein***

#### **Oncogenesis**

The major consequence of this abnormality is loss of several genes on Xp and gain of several genes on Xq, that leads to genetic imbalance.

## **References**

Bacher U, Schnittger S, Grüneisen A, Haferlach T, Kern W, Haferlach C. Inverted duplication dup(1)(q32q21) as sole aberration in lymphoid and myeloid malignancies. *Cancer Genet Cytogenet.* 2009 Jan 15;188(2):108-11

Dave BJ, Hess MM, Pickering DL, Zaleski DH, Pfeifer AL, Weisenburger DD, Armitage JO, Sanger WG. Rearrangements of chromosome band 1p36 in non-Hodgkin's lymphoma. *Clin Cancer Res.* 1999 Jun;5(6):1401-9

Donti E, Falini B, Giuseppe Pelicci P, Venti Donti G, Rosetti A, Martelli M, Grignani F. Immunological and molecular studies in a case of follicular lymphoma with an extra chromosome 12 and t(2;8) translocation. *Leukemia.* 1988 Jan;2(1):41-4

Itoyama T, Nanjungud G, Chen W, Dyomin VG, Teruya-Feldstein J, Jhanwar SC, Zelenetz AD, Chaganti RS. Molecular cytogenetic analysis of genomic instability at the 1q12-22 chromosomal site in B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma. *Genes Chromosomes Cancer.* 2002 Dec;35(4):318-28

---

*This article should be referenced as such:*

Gindina T. i(X)(q10) in male patients. : *Atlas Genet Cytogenet Oncol Haematol.* 2018; 22(1): 22-24.

---